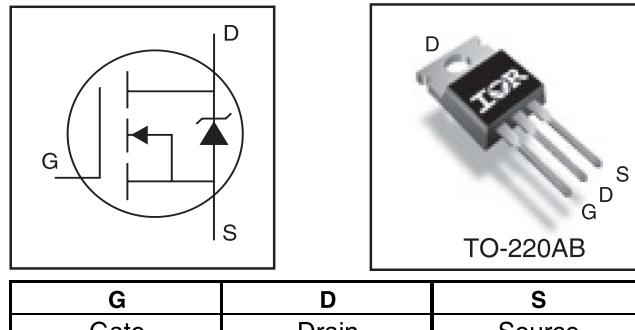


Features

- Key Parameters Optimized for Class-D Audio Amplifier Applications
- Low $R_{DS(ON)}$ for Improved Efficiency
- Low Q_G and Q_{SW} for Better THD and Improved Efficiency
- Low Q_{RR} for Better THD and Lower EMI
- 175°C Operating Junction Temperature for Ruggedness
- Can Deliver up to 200W per Channel into 8Ω Load in Half-Bridge Configuration Amplifier

Key Parameters		
V_{DS}	150	V
$R_{DS(ON)}$ typ. @ 10V	80	mΩ
Q_g typ.	13	nC
Q_{SW} typ.	5.1	nC
$R_{G(int)}$ typ.	2.4	Ω
T_J max	175	°C



G	D	S
Gate	Drain	Source

Description

This Digital Audio MOSFET is specifically designed for Class-D audio amplifier applications. This MOSFET utilizes the latest processing techniques to achieve low on-resistance per silicon area. Furthermore, Gate charge, body-diode reverse recovery and internal Gate resistance are optimized to improve key Class-D audio amplifier performance factors such as efficiency, THD and EMI. Additional features of this MOSFET are 175°C operating junction temperature and repetitive avalanche capability. These features combine to make this MOSFET a highly efficient, robust and reliable device for ClassD audio amplifier applications.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Max.	Units
V_{DS}	Drain-to-Source Voltage	150	V
V_{GS}	Gate-to-Source Voltage	±20	
I_D @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10\text{V}$	17	A
I_D @ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10\text{V}$	12	
I_{DM}	Pulsed Drain Current ①	51	
P_D @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Power Dissipation ④	80	W
P_D @ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	Power Dissipation ④	40	
	Linear Derating Factor	0.5	W/°C
T_J	Operating Junction and	-55 to + 175	°C
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature Range		
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds (1.6mm from case)	300	
	Mounting torque, 6-32 or M3 screw	10lb·in (1.1N·m)	

Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
R_{0JC}	Junction-to-Case ④	—	1.88	°C/W
R_{0CS}	Case-to-Sink, Flat, Greased Surface	0.50	—	
R_{0JA}	Junction-to-Ambient ④	—	62	

Notes ① through ⑤ are on page 2

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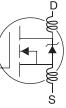
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Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
BV_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	150	—	—	V	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$, $I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$
$\Delta BV_{DSS}/\Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	—	0.19	—	V/ $^\circ\text{C}$	Reference to 25°C , $I_D = 1\text{mA}$
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	—	80	95	$\text{m}\Omega$	$V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$, $I_D = 10\text{A}$ ③
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	3.0	—	4.9	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}$, $I_D = 50\mu\text{A}$
$\Delta V_{GS(th)}/\Delta T_J$	Gate Threshold Voltage Coefficient	—	-13	—	mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$	
I_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	—	—	20	μA	$V_{DS} = 150\text{V}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$
		—	—	250		$V_{DS} = 150\text{V}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$, $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	—	—	100	nA	$V_{GS} = 20\text{V}$
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage	—	—	-100		$V_{GS} = -20\text{V}$
g_{fs}	Forward Transconductance	14	—	—	S	$V_{DS} = 10\text{V}$, $I_D = 10\text{A}$
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	—	13	20	nC	
Q_{gs1}	Pre-V _{th} Gate-to-Source Charge	—	3.3	—		$V_{DS} = 75\text{V}$
Q_{gs2}	Post-V _{th} Gate-to-Source Charge	—	0.95	—		$V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$
Q_{gd}	Gate-to-Drain Charge	—	4.1	—		$I_D = 10\text{A}$
Q_{godr}	Gate Charge Overdrive	—	4.7	—		See Fig. 6 and 19
Q_{sw}	Switch Charge ($Q_{gs2} + Q_{gd}$)	—	5.1	—		
$R_{G(int)}$	Internal Gate Resistance	—	2.4	—	Ω	
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	7.0	—	ns	$V_{DD} = 75\text{V}$, $V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$ ③
t_r	Rise Time	—	13	—		$I_D = 10\text{A}$
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	12	—		$R_G = 2.4\Omega$
t_f	Fall Time	—	7.8	—		
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	—	800	—	pF	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	74	—		$V_{DS} = 50\text{V}$
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	19	—		$f = 1.0\text{MHz}$, See Fig. 5
C_{osss}	Effective Output Capacitance	—	99	—		$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$, $V_{DS} = 0\text{V}$ to 120V
L_D	Internal Drain Inductance	—	4.5	—	nH	Between lead, 6mm (0.25in.) from package
L_S	Internal Source Inductance	—	7.5	—		and center of die contact



Avalanche Characteristics

	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
E_{AS}	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ②	—	73	mJ
I_{AR}	Avalanche Current ⑤	See Fig. 14, 15, 17a, 17b	A	mJ
E_{AR}	Repetitive Avalanche Energy ⑤			

Diode Characteristics

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$I_s @ T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	17	A	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode.
	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ①	—	—	51		
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	1.3	V	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $I_s = 10\text{A}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$ ③
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	—	64	96	ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $I_F = 10\text{A}$
Q_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	160	240	nC	$dI/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ ③

Notes:

- ① Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.
- ② Starting $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $L = 1.46\text{mH}$, $R_G = 25\Omega$, $I_{AS} = 10\text{A}$.
- ③ Pulse width $\leq 400\mu\text{s}$; duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.
- ④ R_θ is measured at T_J of approximately 90°C .
- ⑤ Limited by T_{jmax} . See Figs. 14, 15, 17a, 17b for repetitive avalanche information

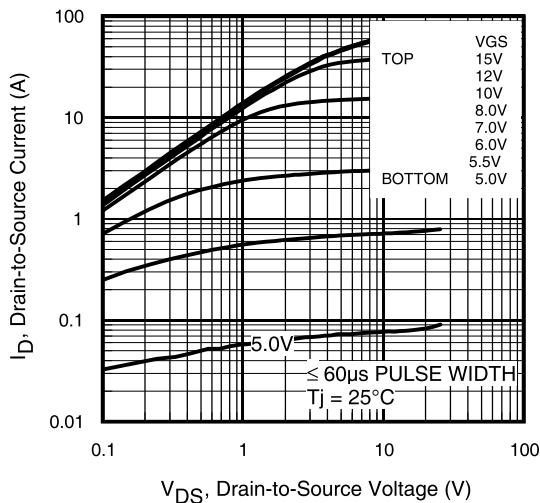


Fig 1. Typical Output Characteristics

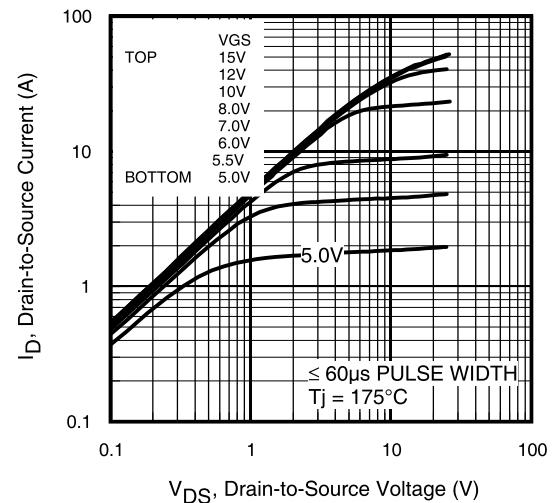


Fig 2. Typical Output Characteristics

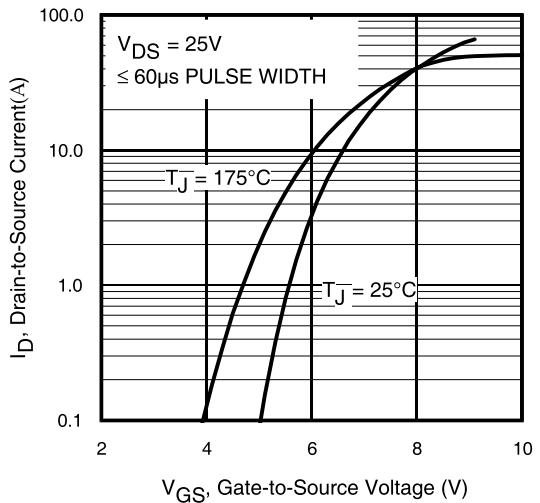


Fig 3. Typical Transfer Characteristics

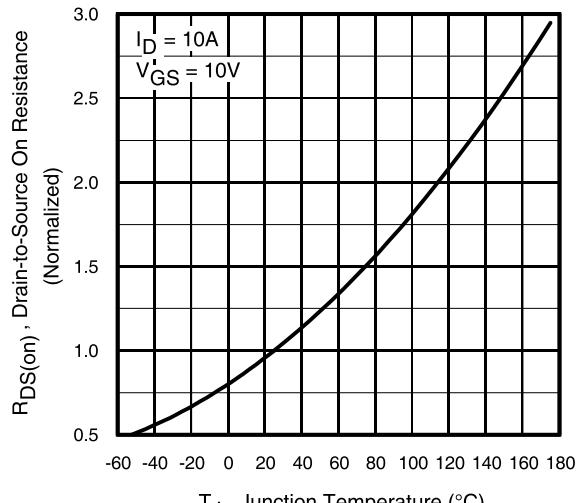


Fig 4. Normalized On-Resistance vs. Temperature

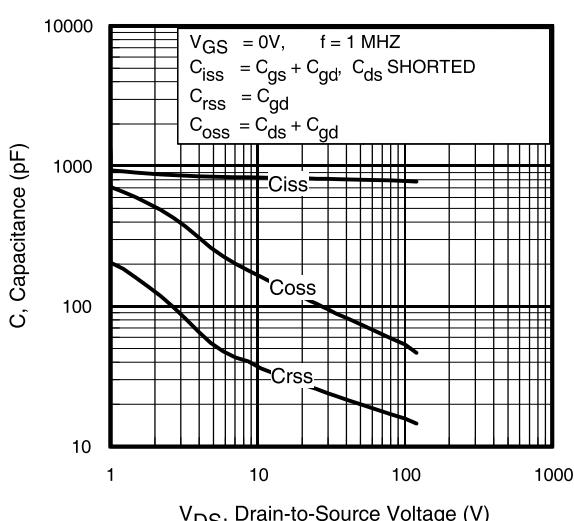


Fig 5. Typical Capacitance vs.Drain-to-Source Voltage
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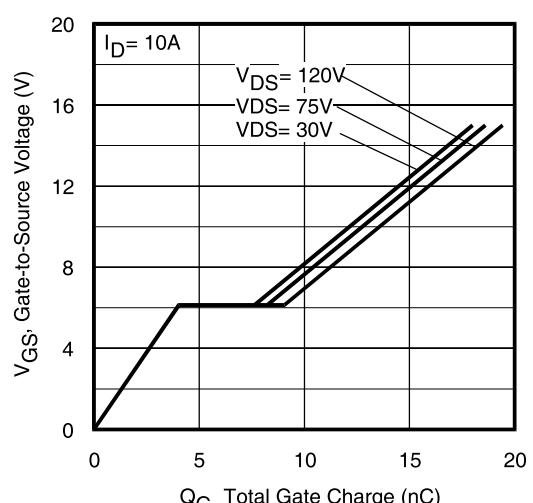


Fig 6. Typical Gate Charge vs.Gate-to-Source Voltage
3

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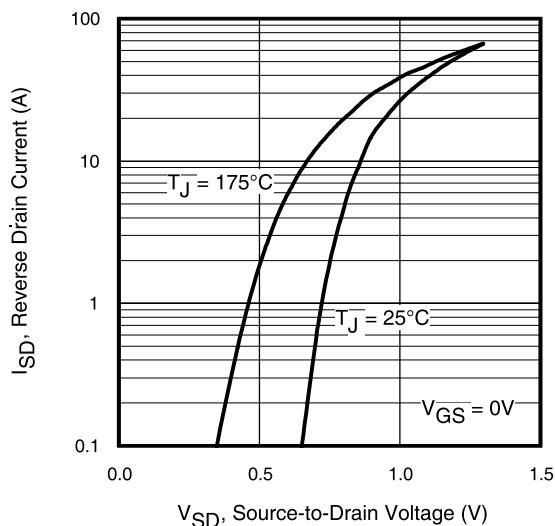


Fig 7. Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

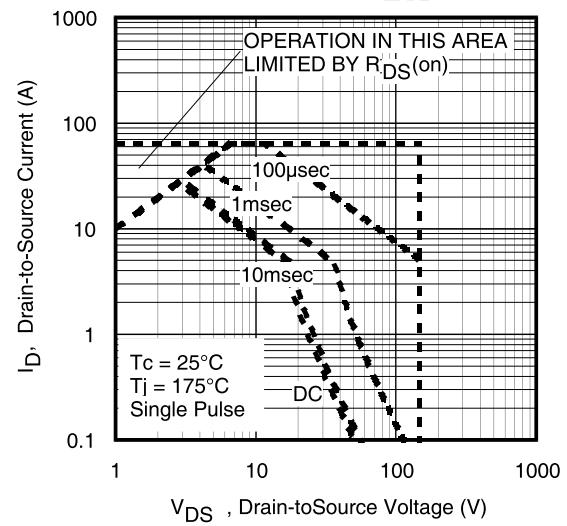


Fig 8. Maximum Safe Operating Area

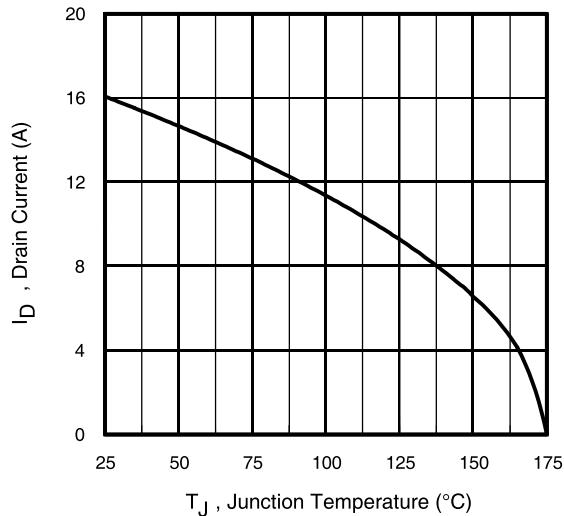


Fig 9. Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature

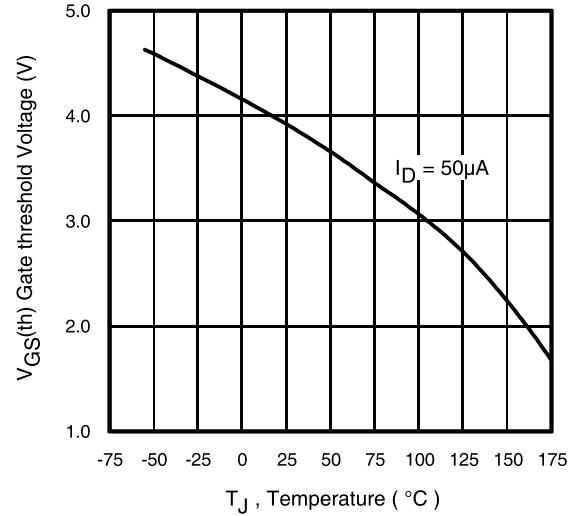


Fig 10. Threshold Voltage vs. Temperature

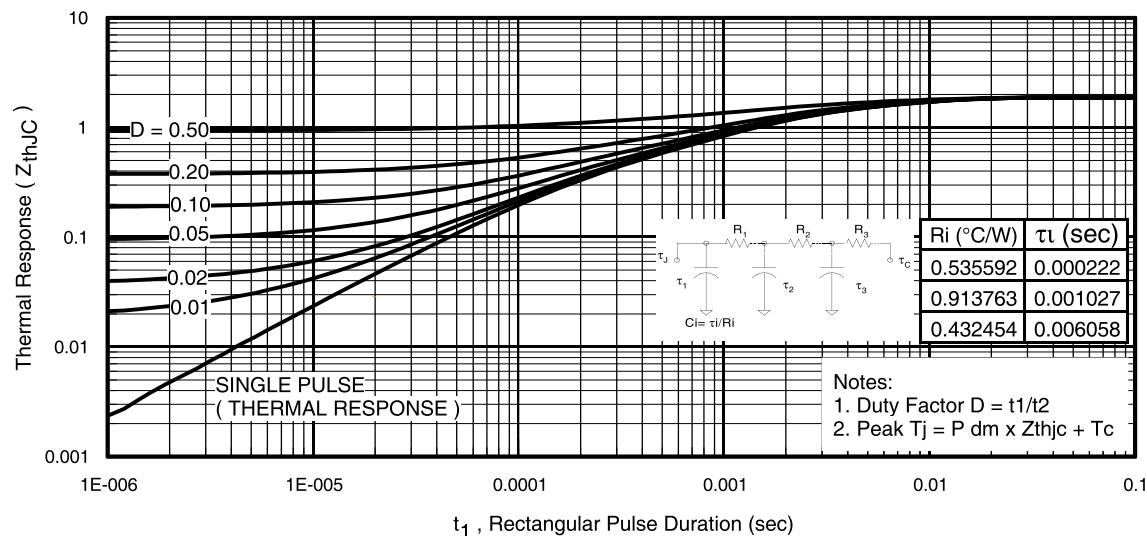


Fig 11. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

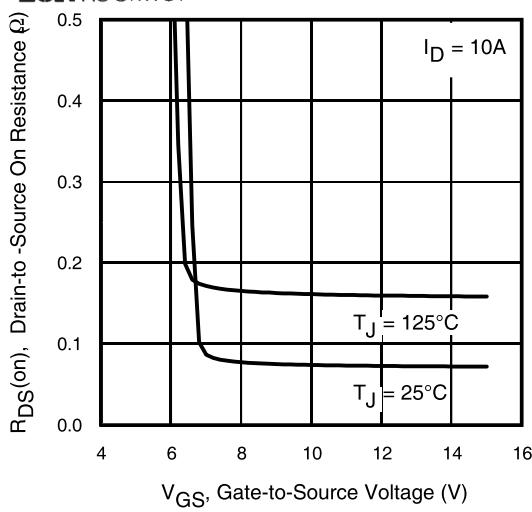


Fig 12. On-Resistance Vs. Gate Voltage

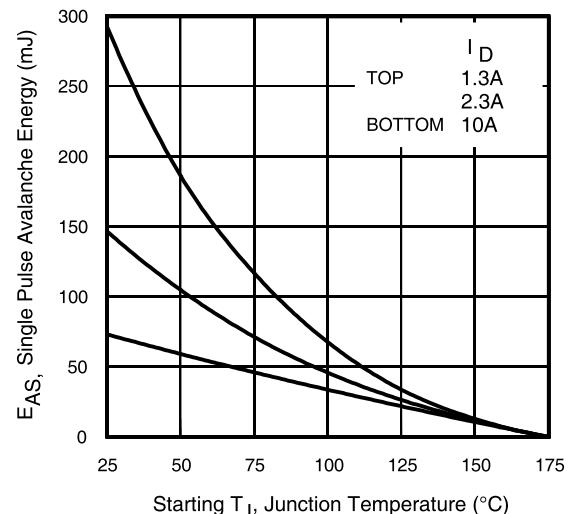


Fig 13. Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Drain Current

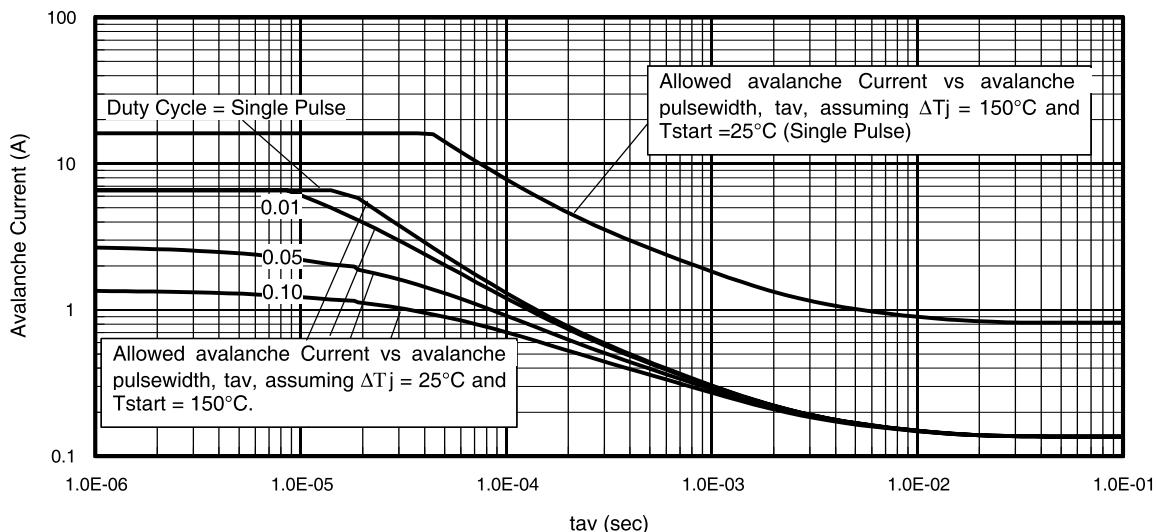


Fig 14. Typical Avalanche Current Vs. Pulsewidth

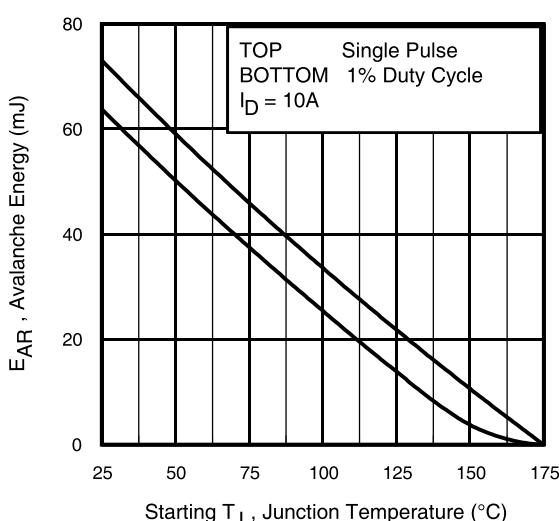


Fig 15. Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Temperature

Notes on Repetitive Avalanche Curves , Figures 14, 15:
(For further info, see AN-1005 at www.irf.com)

1. Avalanche failures assumption:
Purely a thermal phenomenon and failure occurs at a temperature far in excess of T_{jmax} . This is validated for every part type.
2. Safe operation in Avalanche is allowed as long as neither T_{jmax} nor I_{av} (max) is exceeded
3. Equation below based on circuit and waveforms shown in Figures 17a, 17b.
4. $P_{D(ave)}$ = Average power dissipation per single avalanche pulse.
5. B_V = Rated breakdown voltage (1.3 factor accounts for voltage increase during avalanche).
6. I_{av} = Allowable avalanche current.
7. ΔT = Allowable rise in junction temperature, not to exceed T_{jmax} (assumed as 25°C in Figure 14, 15).
- t_{av} = Average time in avalanche.
- D = Duty cycle in avalanche = $t_{av} \cdot f$
- $Z_{thJC}(D, t_{av})$ = Transient thermal resistance, see figure 11)

$$P_{D(ave)} = 1/2 (1.3 \cdot B_V \cdot I_{av}) = \Delta T / Z_{thJC}$$

$$I_{av} = 2\Delta T / [1.3 \cdot B_V \cdot Z_{th}]$$

$$E_{AS(AR)} = P_{D(ave)} \cdot t_{av}$$

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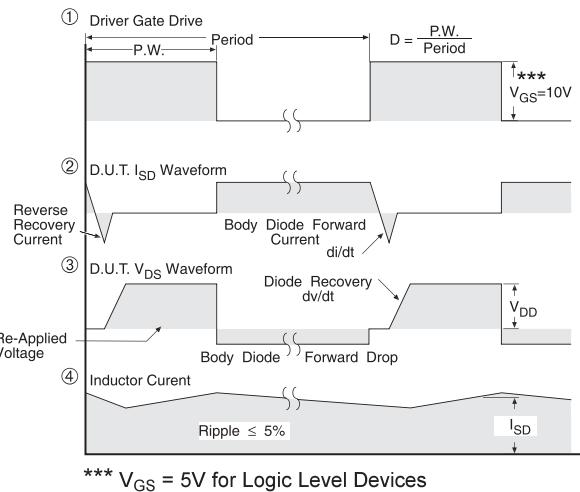
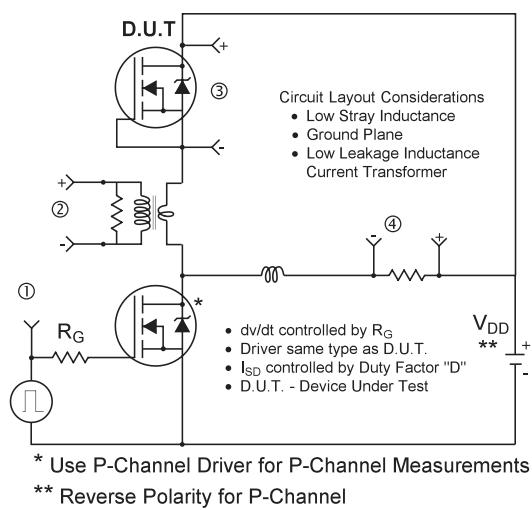


Fig 16. Diode Reverse Recovery Test Circuit for HEXFET® Power MOSFETs

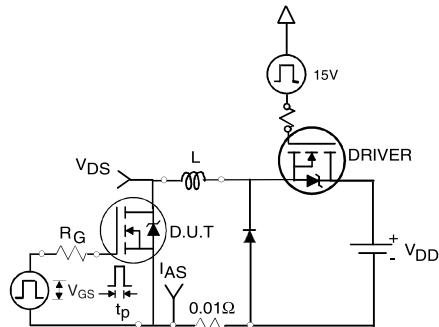


Fig 17a. Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

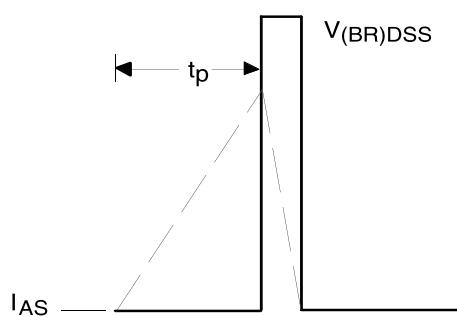


Fig 17b. Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

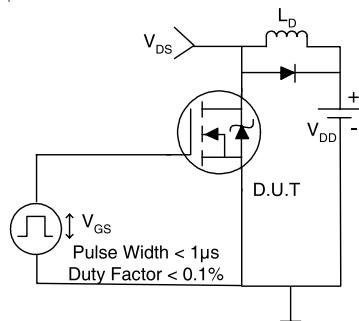


Fig 18a. Switching Time Test Circuit

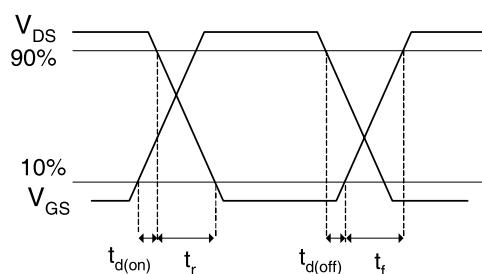


Fig 18b. Switching Time Waveforms

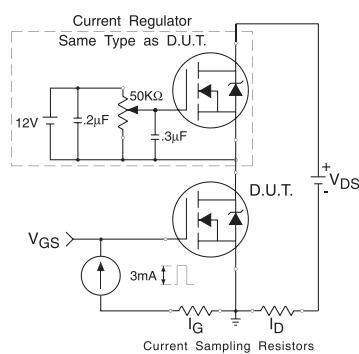


Fig 19a. Gate Charge Test Circuit

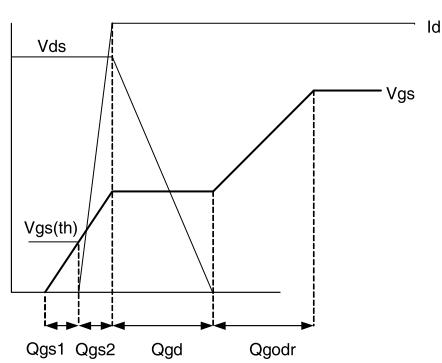
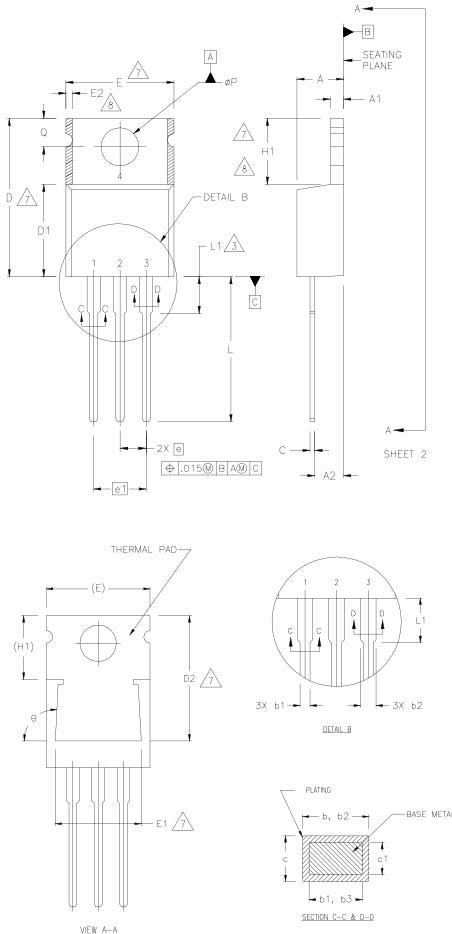


Fig 19b Gate Charge Waveform

TO-220AB Package Outline (Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches))

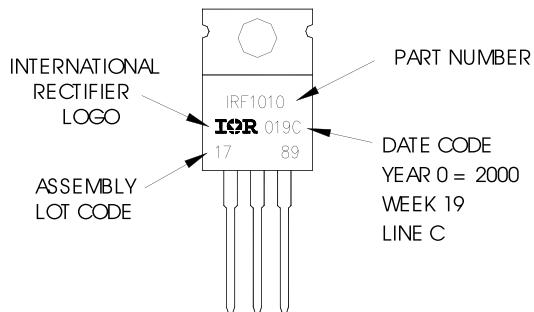


SYMBOL	DIMENSIONS		NOTES
	MILLIMETERS	INCHES	
	MIN.	MAX.	
A	3.56	4.82	.140
A1	0.51	1.40	.020
A2	2.04	2.92	.080
b	0.38	1.01	.015
b1	0.38	0.96	.015
b2	1.15	1.77	.045
b3	1.15	1.73	.045
c	0.36	0.61	.014
c1	0.36	0.56	.014
D	14.22	16.51	.560
D1	8.38	9.02	.330
D2	12.19	12.88	.480
E	9.66	10.66	.380
E1	8.38	8.89	.330
e	2.54 BSC		.100 BSC
e1	5.08		.200 BSC
H1	5.85	6.55	.230
L	12.70	14.73	.500
L1	—	6.35	.250
φP	3.54	4.08	.139
Q	2.54	3.42	.100
Ø	90°-93°		90°-93°

TO-220AB Part Marking Information

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRF1010
LOT CODE 1789
ASSEMBLED ON WW 19, 2000
IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "C"

Note: "P" in assembly line position indicates "Lead - Free"



TO-220AB packages are not recommended for Surface Mount Application.

Data and specifications subject to change without notice.
This product has been designed and qualified for the Consumer market.
Qualification Standards can be found on IR's Web site.

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IR WORLD HEADQUARTERS: 233 Kansas St., El Segundo, California 90245, USA Tel: (310) 252-7105
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Note: For the most current drawings please refer to the IR website at:
<http://www.irf.com/package/>