

CELL SPECIFICATION INR 18650 20P



E-MOBILITY



DRIVE
SYSTEMS



ENERGY STORAGE
SYSTEMS



POWER- AND
GARDENTOOLS



INDUSTRIAL



MEDICAL

INR 18650 20P

TERRAE®

Cylindrical Lithium Ion Cell

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INR 18650 20P



Cylindrical Lithium Ion Cell

1. SCOPE

This product specification has been prepared to specify the rechargeable lithium-ion cell ('cell') to be supplied to the Customer by TerraE.

2. MODEL

2.1 DESCRIPTION	Cell (lithium-ion rechargeable cell)
2.2 MODEL NAME	INR_18650_20_P

3. NOMINAL SPECIFICATIONS

3.1 NOMINAL CAPACITY	2000mAh (standard charge /400mA discharge, 2.5V cut-off)
3.2 MINIMUM CAPACITY	1950mAh (400mA, 2.5V cut-off discharge)
3.3 INTERNAL IMPEDANCE AT 1000 HZ	≤ 20 (m Ω) (25 \pm 3°C)
3.4 CHARGING VOLTAGE	4.2V
3.5 NOMINAL VOLTAGE	3.7V
3.6 CHARGING METHOD	CC-CV (100mA cut-off)
3.7 MAXIMUM CHARGE VOLTAGE	4.20 \pm 0.05V
3.8 CHARGING CURRENT	Standard charge: 1000mA Rapid charge: 4A
3.9 CHARGING TIME	Standard charge : 180 minutes Rapid charge: 50 minutes (at 25 \pm 3°C)
3.10 MAX. DISCHARGE CURRENT (CONTINUOUS)	30A (25 \pm 3°C)
3.11 DISCHARGE CUT-OFF VOLTAGE	2.5V
3.12 CELL WEIGHT	45.0g max.
3.13 CELL DIMENSION	Height : ≤ 65.10 mm Diameter: ≤ 18.50 mm
3.14 OPERATING TEMPERATURE (SURFACE TEMPERATURE)	Charge : 0 to 50°C (Recommended recharge release < 45°C) Discharge: -20 to 75°C (Recommended recharge release < 60°C)
3.15 STORAGE TEMPERATURE	1 month: -20 ~ 60°C (*) 3 month : -20 ~ 45°C (*) 1 year: -20 ~ 25°C (*)

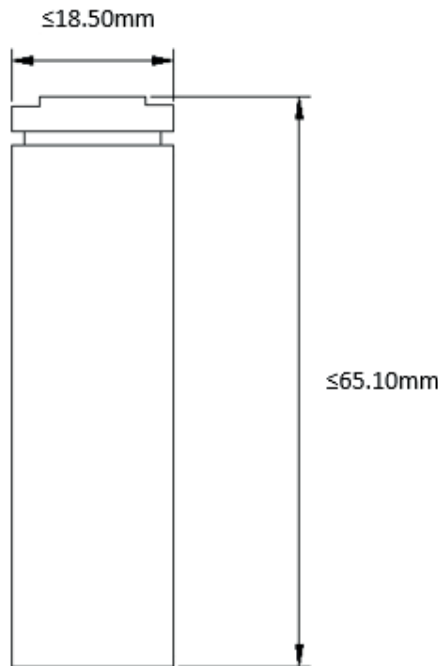
Note (*): If the cell is kept as ex-factory status (below 30% of charge). The capacity recovery rate is more than 90% of standard discharge capacity.

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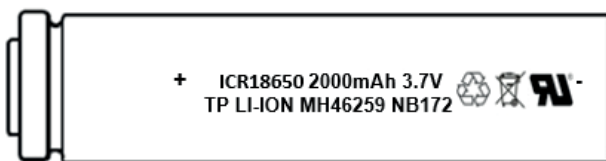
4. OUTLINE DIMENSION WITH TUBE (UNIT: MM)

Fig. 1 Outline Dimensions of INR_18160_20_P



5. CELL MARKING

See below: Standard Marking



5.1 MANUFACTURER NAME

Terra E

5.2 CHEMICAL SYSTEM

LI-ION

5.3 NOMINAL VOLTAGE

3.7V

5.4 CELL TYPE

INR_18650_20_P

5.6 LOT NUMBER

NB172

N: Year (2001 as A, Every next year is counted as B, C,...)

B: Month (January as A, the consecutive month as B, C,...)

17: Day (01,02,...29,30,31)

2: Plant (1: Plant 1, 2: Plant 2)

5.7 INTERNAL QR CODE FOR TRACING PURPOSE



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6. APPEARANCE

There shall be no such defect as deep scratch, flaw, crack, rust, leakage, which may adversely affect commercial value of the cell.

7. TEST CONDITION AND DEFINITIONS

7.1 MEASURING EQUIPMENT

7.1.1 CHARGE/DISCHARGE MACHINE

Voltage precision: $\pm 10\text{mV}$

Current precision: $\pm 0.2\%$

7.1.2 SLIDE CALIPER

The slide caliper should have a scale of 0.01mm

7.1.3 VOLTAGE/IMPEDANCE METER

Impedance precision: $\pm 0.5\text{m}\Omega$

Voltage precision: $\pm 1\text{mV}$

The impedance meter should be operated at AC 1kHz

7.2 Unless otherwise specified, all tests shall be performed at $25 \pm 3^\circ\text{C}$ and humidity of $65 \pm 20\%$ RH. The cells used for the test mentioned should be delivered within a week.

7.3 DEFINITION

C Rate ("C"):

The rate (milliamperes) at which a fully charged cell is discharged to its end voltage in one (1) hour.

8. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

8.1 STANDARD CHARGE

This "Standard charge" means charging the cell with constant current 1000mA and then with constant voltage 4.2V 100mA cut-off at $25 \pm 3^\circ\text{C}$.

8.2 STANDARD DISCHARGE CAPACITY

The standard discharge capacity is the initial discharge capacity of the cell, which is measured with discharge current of 400mA with 2.5V cut-off at $25 \pm 3^\circ\text{C}$ after the standard charge. Standard discharge capacity $\geq 1950\text{mAh}$

8.3 STANDARD RATED DISCHARGE CAPACITY

The standard discharge capacity is the initial discharge capacity of the cell, which is measured with discharge current of 10A with 2.5V cut-off at $25 \pm 3^\circ\text{C}$ after the standard charge. Standard discharge capacity $\geq 1950\text{mAh}$

8.4 TEMPERATURE DEPENDENCE OF DISCHARGE CAPACITY

Capacity comparison at each temperature, measured with discharge constant current 10A and 2.5V cut-off after the standard charge is as follows.

Discharge Temperature	
-20°C	70%
-10°C	75%
0°C	80%
25°C	100%
60°C	100%

Note: If charge temperature and discharge temperature is not the same, the interval for temperature change is three (3) hours. Percentage as an index of the capacity at 25°C (=1950mAh) is 100%.

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8.5 CHARGE RATE CAPABILITIES

Discharge capacity is measured with constant current 20A and 2.5V cut-off at 25°C after the cell is charged with 4.2V as follows.

Charge Condition			
Current	1000mA	2000mA	4000mA
Cut-Off	100mA	100mA	100mA
Relative Capacity	100%	95%	90%

Note: Percentage as an index of the capacity at 25°C (=1950mAh) is 100%.

8.6 DISCHARGE RATE CAPABILITIES

Discharge capacity is measured with the various currents in under table and 2.5V cut-off after the standard charge.

Discharge Condition					
Current	0.4A	2A	10A	20A	25A
Relative Capacity	100%	93%	100%	95%	95%

Note: Percentage as an index of the capacity at 25°C (=1950mAh) is 100%.

8.7 CYCLE LIFE

At 25 ± 3°C, each cycle is an interval between the 4A charge to 4.2V / 100mA cut, rest 10minutes, and the discharge (discharge current 20A) with 2.5V cut-off, then rest 45 minutes. After 300 cycles, Capacity ≥ 1463mAh (75% of the standard discharge capacity at 25°C).

8.8 STORAGE CHARACTERISTICS

Storage for 30 days at 25 ± 3°C from the standard charge, measured with discharge constant current 400mA with 2.5V cut-off at 25°C. Capacity retention(after the storage) ≥ 1755mAh (90% of the standard discharge capacity at 25°C).

8.9 STATUS OF THE CELL AS OF EX-FACTORY

The cell should be shipped in 30% charged state. In this case, OCV is from 3.530V to 3.610V within 90 days from shipping date. (Temperature condition: 15 ~ 30°C)

9. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

9.1 VIBRATION TEST

After standard fully charge, cell shall be attached to a vibration table directly and subjected to vibration that consists of 10 Hz to 55 Hz to 10 Hz at the speed of 1Hz/min in 90~100mins. The total excursion of the vibration is 0.8mm (0.060 inches). The cell shall be vibrated in each direction along axis of the cylinder and the vertical directions of axis of the cylinder.

Criteria: There shall be no electrolyte leakage

9.2 MECHANICAL SHOCK

In direction X, Y, and Z intersecting one another at right-angles, apply impacts having a minimum mean acceleration of 75G in the first 3mSec and a peak acceleration that falls between 125G and 175G..

Criteria: No leakage, No flame, No fire, No explosion

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10. SAFETY

10.1 ABNORMAL CHARGING TEST

Cell fully discharged, then overcharged with 3C to 10V. Monitoring cell temperature during testing. Stop the test when cell temperature decays to room temperature.

Criteria: No Fire, No Explosion

10.2 OVER-DISCHARGE TEST

After standard charge, is to be over-discharged with 400mA to 250% of capacity.

Criteria: No Fire, No Explosion

10.3 SHORT-CIRCUIT TEST

After standard charge, short-circuit the cell at $20^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ until the cell temperature returns to ambient temperature. (cross section of the wire or connector should be less than $100\text{m}\Omega$).

Criteria: No Fire, No Explosion

10.4 CRUSH TEST

After standard charge, cell is to be crushed between two flat surfaces and with cell longitudinal axis parallel to the flat surfaces of the crushing apparatus. The crushing is to be continued until a pressure reading of 2500 psig (17.2 MPa) is reached on the hydraulic ram, applied force of 3000 pounds (13 kN). Once the maximum pressure has been obtained it is to be released.

Criteria: No Fire, No Explosion

10.5 HEATING TEST

After standard charge, cell is to be placed in the hot oven. Store the testing cells connecting with thermocouple in constant temperature box, heating the cells and box (speed of ascending temperature is $5^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ per min) together at room temperature simultaneity, monitor the temperature change of the box, keep for 10 minutes after the box temperature reaches $130^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$, then stop the test.

Criteria: No Fire, No Explosion

10.6 FREE FALLING (DROP)

Each fully charged cell is dropped three times from a height of 1,0 m onto a concrete floor. The cells are dropped so as to obtain impacts in random orientations.

Criteria: No Fire, No Explosion

11. WARRANTY

11.1 The warranty period of a Cell is one (1) year after the delivery to the Customer. However, even though the problem occurs within this period, TerraE won't replace a new cell for free as long as the problem is not due to the failure of TerraE manufacturing process or the problem is due to Customer's abuse or misuse.

11.2 TerraE will not be responsible for trouble occurred by handling outside of the precautions in safety instructions.

11.3 TerraE will not be responsible for packing, trouble occurred by matching electric circuit, cell pack and charger.

11.4 TerraE will be exempt from warrantee any defect cells during assembling after acceptance by the Customer.

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12. ACTIVATION

Please activate the battery once every three months according to the following method: Charge at a constant current and constant voltage of 400mA to 4.2V, and cut-off 100mA, rest ten minutes, then discharge at a constant current of 400mA to 2.5V, and rest ten minutes, then charge at a constant current of 400mA for three hours. If the battery has been assembled or used, use the suitable matched charger and machines to activate.

13. OTHERS

13.1 STORAGE FOR A LONG TIME

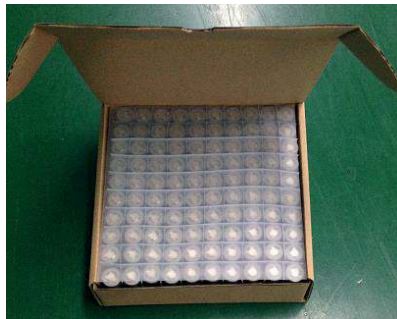
If the cell is kept for a long time (3 months or more), it is strongly recommended that the cell is preserved at dry and low temperature.

13.2 OTHERS

Any matter not included in that specification should be discussed and confirmed by both parties.

14. PACKING

The cells are packed with TerraE standard carton, which hold four inner boxes. There are 100 cells per inner box. See below: Package Pictures.



15. SHIPPING

The capacity of delivery cell is approximately below 30% of charging. It is not specified capacity remain at customer, because of self-discharge. During transportation, keep the cell from acutely vibration, impacting, solarization, drenching.

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Handling Instructions

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See before using lithium-ion cell Supplied by BMZ GmbH, Zeche Gustav 1, 63791 Karlstein

Proper use and handling of lithium-ion batteries

1. CHARGING

- 1.1 Charging voltage must be set 4.2V/cell. Concerning charge voltage tolerance of charger, charging voltage must be set below 4.25V/cell. Even if the charge could be out of order, charge voltage of charger should not be above 4.25V/cell to avoid over-charging. Cell life will be shorten by charging voltage above 4.25V, leading to cell failure, serious can appear safety problems.
- 1.2 Cell must be charged with CC (constant current) - CV (constant voltage) method. Do not use the continuous charging method.
- 1.3 In case of cell voltage is below 3.0V, Cell should be charged with pre-charge that current is below 200mA. Then cell voltage reach over 3.0V, standard charge starts. And if cell voltage never reaches to 3.0V in specified period (timer), charger will stop charging.
- 1.4 By timer, current detection and open circuit voltage detection, charger detects full charge. When charger detect cell is full charged, charger stop charging.

2. DISCHARGING

- 2.1 The discharge current of a cell must be below specified in the product specification.
- 2.2 The discharge end voltage of a cell must be over specified in the product specification.
- 2.3 The cell should not be over-discharged below 2.0V.
- 2.4 The cell should be discharged within a range of temperatures specified in the product specification.

3. STORAGE

- 3.1 The cell should be stored in a dry area and no corrosive gas.
- 3.2 No press on the cell.
- 3.3 When stored within 1 month : -20°C ~ +60°C
When stored within 3 months: -20°C ~ +45°C
When stored within 12 months : -20°C ~ +25°C
- 3.4 After the cell assembled in pack, the pack should be recharged to 30% SOC if the pack has never been used for one (1) year, this will avoid the cell voltage drop too low.

4. CYCLE LIFE

- 4.1 Charge or discharge out of recommended range might cause the generating heat or serious damage of cell. And also, it might cause the deterioration of cell's characteristics and cycle life.

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Handling Instructions

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4.2 CYCLE LIFE PERFORMANCE

The cell can be charged/ discharged repeatedly up to times with a certain level of capacity specified in the production specification.

4.3 Cycle life may be determined by conditions of charging, discharging, operating temperature and storage.

5. PRECAUTIONS ON BATTERY PACK DESIGN.

5.1 Do not make the shape and mechanism which static electricity and water easy go through the battery pack inside.

5.2 Overcharge protection should work below 4.25V/cell by charge. Then charge current shall be shut down.

5.3 Within a voltage range of 2.5V/cell, over-discharge protection should work. Then discharge current shall be shut down and consumption current is below 1 μ A.

5.4 When discharge current exceeds 60A, over-discharge current protection should work. Then over discharge current shall be shut down.

5.5 To avoid discharging during storage, design the low consumption current electronic circuit (e.g. Protection circuit, fuel gauge, etc) inside battery pack.

6. BATTERY PACK ASSEMBLY

6.1 Prohibition of usage of damaged cell. Do not use abnormal cell which has been damaged by shipping stress, drop, short, twice spot or something else, and which gives off electrolyte odor.

6.2 The cell should be inspected visually before battery assembly.

6.3 Inspect voltage and internal impedance before using.

6.4 Do not solder onto a cell in order to avoid damage on the cell. Weld spot welding lead plate onto cell, and solder lead wire or lead plate.

6.5 The battery assembly must pay attention to anti-static, Avoid electronic components damaged by electrostatic.

6.6 Battery assembly should pay attention to prevent the short circuit.

SAFETY INSTRUCTION

Lithium-ion battery if use undeserved can cause cell damage and even harm the personal safety, read it carefully before using and pay attention to the prevention measures. Should there be any additional information required by the Customer, please contact BMZ GmbH, Zeche Gustav 1, 63791 Karlstein

DANGER

1. ELECTRICAL MISUSAGE

1.1 Use or charge the battery only in the stipulated application.

1.2 Use the correct charger for Lithium-ion batteries.

1.3 When connecting a battery pack to a charger, ensure correct polarity.

1.4 Do not reverse charge batteries.

1.5 Do not maintain secondary batteries on charge when not in use.

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Handling Instructions

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2. ENVIRONMENTAL MISUSAGE

- 2.1 Never put a battery into water or seawater.
- 2.2 Don't throw the battery into the fire.
- 2.3 Do not use or leave the cell under the blazing sun (or in heated car by sunshine). The cell may generate heat, smoke or flame. And also, it might cause the deterioration of cell's characteristics or cycle life.
- 2.4 Do not dismantle, open or shred cells. Batteries should be dismantled only by trained personnel. Multicell battery cases should be designed so that they can be opened only with the aid of a tool.
- 2.5 Do not solder directly to batteries.
- 2.6 Do not subject batteries to adverse condition such as extreme temperature, deep cycling and excessive overcharge/over discharge.
- 2.7 Do not short-circuit batteries. Do not store batteries haphazardly in a box or drawer where they may short-circuit each other or be short-circuited by conductive materials, permanent damage to batteries may result.
- 2.8 Do not incinerate or mutilate batteries, may burst or release toxic material.
- 2.9 Do not subject batteries to mechanical shock.

WARNING

- 1.1 When using a new battery or a battery to be used for the first time after long term storage, please fully charge the battery before using.
- 1.2 Reverse charge is prohibited. Cells shall be connected correctly. The polarity has to be confirmed before wiring. If a cell is connected improperly, the cell cannot be charged. Simultaneously, the reverse charging may cause damage to the cell which may lead to degradation of cell performance and damage the cell safety, and could cause heat generation or leakage.
- 1.3 Do not mix our batteries with other battery brands or batteries of a different chemistry such as alkaline and zinc carbon.
- 1.4 Do not mix new batteries in use with semi-used batteries, over-discharge may occur.
- 1.5 If find any noise, excessive temperature or leakage from a battery, please stop its use.
- 1.6 When the battery is hot, please do not touch it and handle it, until it has cooled down.
- 1.7 Do not remove the outer sleeve from a battery pack nor cut into its housing.
- 1.8 When find battery power down during use, please switch off the device to avoid over discharge.
- 1.9 After using, if the battery is hot, before recharging it, allow it to cool in a well-ventilated place out of direct sunlight.
- 1.10 Do not attempt to take batteries apart or subject them to pressure or impact. Heat may be generated or fire may result. The alkaline electrolyte is harmful to eyes and skin, and it may damage clothing upon contact.
- 1.11 Never put a battery into water or seawater.
- 1.12 Keep the battery away from babies and children. If swallowed, see a doctor immediately.
- 1.13 In the event of a cell leaking, do not allow the liquid to come into contact with the skin or eyes. If contact has been made, wash the affected area with copious amounts of water and seek medical advice.

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Handling Instructions

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CAUTION

- 1.1 When not using a battery, disconnect it from the device.
- 1.2 Unplug a battery by holding the connector itself and not by pulling at its cord.
- 1.3 Used batteries should be treated by authorized units.
- 1.4 After extended periods of storage, it may be necessary to charge and discharge the batteries several times to obtain maximum performance.
- 1.5 Secondary batteries give their best performance when they are operated at normal room temperature.
- 1.6 Keep batteries clean and dry.
- 1.7 Wipe the battery terminals with a clean dry cloth if they become dirty.
- 1.8 When disposing of secondary batteries, keep batteries of different electrochemical systems separate from each other.

Any questions?

Contact us, we will be pleased to advise you.

TERRAE[®]

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